

OFFICE OF THE FIRST SELECTMAN

Michael R. Criss First Selectman, Town of Harwinton

REVENUE, FINANCE & BONDING COMMITTEE

April 5, 2021

Good Afternoon, my name is Michael R. Criss, I am the First Selectman for the Town of Harwinton and I am submitting testimony regarding H.B. 6655 "An Act Concerning Municipal Taxation and Incentivizing Regionalization".

H.B. 6655 "An Act Concerning Municipal Taxation and Incentivizing Regionalization".

Thank you for the opportunity to comment and submit testimony on proposed H.B. 6655 "An Act Concerning Municipal Taxation and Incentivizing Regionalization". The Town of Harwinton is in opposition to H.B. 6655 as written which includes imposed 2.5% cap on property taxes without the benefits of replacing that revenue in the small communities with no other means of revenue.

The Municipal Spending Cap which was enacted by the legislature in 2017, which I opposed at that time due to the fact that the cap was not feasible in a community like ours which is heavily dependent on local property taxes for not only our town operations, regional school district and the ever-growing unfunded mandates from the state which has refused to cap its own spending. Here are just a few examples of the mounting costs that also highlight the state's failure to fully fund: ECS, Special Ed, Transportation, Resident Trooper Program, etc.

Although the Municipal Revenue Sharing Account (MRSA) was supposed to help offset declining revenue streams for municipalities like ours, it did not take long for the money to be diverted to the general fund to offset state spending and when MRSA was suspended, Municipal Spending Caps stayed in place with no reasonable or reliable solution from the state.

This bill as written has numerous unintended consequences and areas of concern that have yet to be explored and would result in devastating cuts to municipal services to our residents.

Further, regionalization exists and does not need to be mandated. And if towns that do not comply with regionalization are going to be incentivized to regionalize then towns like ours that have been regionalizing for years, where it works & makes sense, should be rewarded for being fiscally responsible and resourceful. Impediments to regionalization should be explored and

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removed so municipalities have the freedom to regionalize more services for a cost savings not mandated with reduced funding from the state. Shared services do not always make sense for small municipalities due to the fact that in many cases we share services better and more cost effectively than many other surrounding areas including the state.

Due to the financial strains already placed on our municipalities, our state and federal government, we need to refrain from adopting any bills or regulations that will reduce the already depleting revenues of all our municipalities. The Town of Harwinton stands ready to assist in the exploration of any efforts by the state that would help both the state and the municipalities to recover and thrive for generations to come.

Thank you for allowing me to submit testimony in opposition to H.B. 6655 on behalf of the Town of Harwinton. If you have any further questions, please feel free to contact me at any time.

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First Selectman, Town of Harwinton

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General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 6655

January Session, 2021

LCO No. 5641



Referred to Committee on FINANCE, REVENUE AND BONDING

Introduced by: (FIN)

AN ACT CONCERNING MUNICIPAL TAXATION AND INCENTIVIZING REGIONALIZATION.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2022) (a) As used in this section:
- 2 (1) "Debt payment" means the payment of principal and interest on
- 3 bonds, notes or certificates of indebtedness, excluding revenue bonds,
- 4 issued by a municipality;
- 5 (2) "Legislative body" means (A) the board of selectmen in a town that
- 6 does not have a charter, special act or home rule ordinance relating to
- 7 its government, (B) the council, board of aldermen, representative town
- 8 meeting, board of selectmen or other elected legislative body described
- 9 in a charter, special act or home rule ordinance relating to government

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in a city, consolidated town and city, consolidated town and borough or a town having a charter, special act, consolidation ordinance or home rule ordinance relating to its government, (C) the board of burgesses or other elected legislative body in a borough, or (D) the district committee or other elected legislative body in a district or other municipal corporation;

- (3) "Municipality" means any town, city, borough, consolidated town and city, consolidated town and borough, district as defined in section 7-324 of the general statutes and any other municipal corporation having the power to levy a tax on property pursuant to chapter 204 of the general statutes;
- (4) "Total tax levied" means the total amount of property taxes a municipality levies under chapter 204 of the general statutes with respect to all real property, personal property and motor vehicles; and
- (5) "Voter" means any person who is (A) an elector of a municipality, or (B) a citizen of the United States of the age of eighteen years or more who, jointly or severally, (i) is liable to the municipality for taxes against such person on an assessment of not less than one thousand dollars on the last-completed grand list of such municipality, or (ii) would be so liable if not entitled to an exemption under subdivision (17), (19), (22), (23), (25) or (26) of section 12-81 of the general statutes.
 - (b) (1) For each fiscal year commencing on or after July 1, 2022, the total tax levied by a municipality shall not exceed two and one-half per cent of the net grand list of such municipality.
- (2) Any municipality in which the total tax levied exceeds the limit set forth in subdivision (1) of this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section.
- (c) (1) Any municipality in which the total tax levied exceeds the limit allowed under subsection (b) of this section shall reduce such levy for each successive fiscal year by not less than fifteen per cent of the total tax levy for the preceding fiscal year, until such levy does not exceed the

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limit allowed under said subsection, except that no municipality shall be required to reduce the total tax levied to below the limit allowed under said subsection. The municipality may adjust any reductions under this subsection in accordance with the provisions of subdivision

(2) of this subsection.

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any municipal charter, special act or home rule ordinance, the legislative body of any municipality subject to the provisions of subdivision (1) of this subsection may, by a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting, hold a referendum to seek voter approval of the levy of additional taxes by a specified amount in excess of the amount allowed under subdivision (1) of this subsection. Such referendum shall be by a "yes" or "no" vote on paper ballots or on the voting machines of the municipality. The question submitted to the voters shall be: "Shall the _____ (insert name of the taxing entity) be allowed to levy an additional \$____ (insert the amount) in real and personal property taxes for the fiscal year commencing July 1, ____ (insert the year)?".
 - (3) If the amount specified in such question is not greater than one-half of the reduction required pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, the proposal shall be deemed approved if a majority of the voters casting votes thereon cast "yes" votes. If the amount specified in such question is greater than one-half of the reduction required pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection, the proposal shall be deemed approved if two-thirds of the voters casting votes thereon cast "yes" votes. In no event shall the amount specified be greater than the reduction required pursuant to subdivision (1) of this subsection.
 - (d) (1) In any municipality in which the total tax levied results in a percentage that is less than or equal to the limit allowed under subsection (b) of this section, the total tax levied for any fiscal year shall not exceed an amount equal to one hundred two and one-half per cent of the maximum levy limit for the preceding fiscal year, except that any municipality may increase the total tax levied (A) in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection, and (B) for the then-

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current fiscal year, by an amount equal to the tax rate for the preceding fiscal year multiplied by the amount of increase in the assessed valuation of any real or personal property over the assessed valuation during the preceding fiscal year, which real or personal property (i) shall become subject to the tax under chapter 204 of the general statutes for the first time or taxed as a separate parcel for the first time, during the then-current fiscal year, or (ii) has had an increase in its assessed valuation over the preceding fiscal year, provided such increase in assessed valuation is not due to revaluation of the entire municipality.

- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any municipal charter, special act or home rule ordinance, the legislative body of any municipality may, by a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting, hold a referendum to seek voter approval to levy additional taxes on real and personal property by a specified amount in excess of the limit allowed under subdivision (1) of this subsection. Such vote shall be by a "yes" or "no" vote on paper ballots or on the voting machines of the municipality. The question submitted to the voters shall be: "Shall the _____ (insert name of the taxing entity) be allowed to levy an additional \$____ (insert the amount) in real and personal property taxes for the purposes of _____ (insert the intended purpose or purposes for which the moneys from the levy will be used) for the fiscal year commencing July 1, _____ (insert the year)?". The proposal shall be deemed approved if a majority of the voters casting votes thereon cast "yes" votes.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of any municipal charter, special act or home rule ordinance, if a majority of the legislative body of any municipality shall so require or on application of at least fifty voters, such legislative body shall call a meeting, in accordance with the provisions of section 7-7 of the general statutes, to submit a question to voters whether to require the municipality to reduce the taxes levied by a specified amount below the limit allowed under subsection (d) of this section. Such vote shall be by a "yes" or "no" vote on paper ballots or on the voting machines of the municipality. The question submitted to the voters shall be: "Shall the _____ (insert name of the taxing entity) be required to reduce the amount of real and personal property taxes to be

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assessed for the fiscal year commencing July 1, ____ (insert the year) by an amount equal to \$___ (insert the amount)?". The proposal shall be deemed approved if a majority of the voters casting votes thereon cast "yes" votes and the tax levy shall be decreased accordingly.

- (f) (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any municipal charter, special act or home rule ordinance, the legislative body of any municipality may, by a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting, place a question on the ballot:
- (A) At any regular or special state or municipal election held before the setting of the annual tax rate, for voter approval to levy additional taxes on real and personal property by a specified amount in excess of the limit allowed under subsection (b) or (d) of this section for capital outlay expenditures, provided such expenditures may only be authorized under this subdivision for a municipal purpose for which the municipality would be authorized to borrow money under the provisions of title 7 of the general statutes. Such vote shall be by a "yes" or "no" vote on paper ballots or on the voting machines of the municipality. The question submitted to the voters shall be: "Shall the _ (insert name of the taxing entity) be allowed to levy an additional $_{\underline{}}$ (insert the amount) in real and personal property taxes for the purposes of ____ (insert the intended purpose or purposes for which the moneys from the levy will be used) for the fiscal year commencing July 1, ____ (insert the year)?". The proposal shall be deemed approved if a majority of the voters casting votes thereon cast "yes" votes;
- (B) At any regular or special state or municipal election, for voter approval to levy additional taxes on real and personal property in excess of the limit allowed under subsection (b) or (d) of this section for debt payments that are outstanding as of July 1, 2022. Such vote shall be by a "yes" or "no" vote on paper ballots or on the voting machines of the municipality. The question submitted to the voters shall be: "Shall _____ (insert the municipality) be allowed to exempt from _____'s (insert municipality) levy limit the total amounts required to pay for bonded indebtedness incurred prior to July 1, 2022?". The proposal shall be

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deemed approved if a majority of the voters casting votes thereon cast "yes" votes; and

- (C) At any regular or special state or municipal election, for voter approval to levy additional taxes on real and personal property in excess of the limit allowed under subsection (b) or (d) of this section for debt payments incurred on or after July 1, 2022. Such vote shall be by a "yes" or "no" vote on paper ballots or on the voting machines of the municipality. The question submitted to the voters shall be: "Shall _____ (insert the municipality) be allowed to exempt from _____'s (insert municipality) levy limit the total amounts required to pay for the bonds issued in order to _____ (insert the purpose or purposes for which the moneys from the bonds issued will be used)?". The proposal shall be deemed approved if a majority of the voters casting votes thereon cast "yes" votes.
 - (2) The amounts exempted and additional taxes levied under subdivision (1) of this subsection and subsection (h) of this section shall be excluded from the calculation of the total tax levied under subsection (b) of this section or the maximum levy amount under subsection (d) of this section.
 - (g) The legislative body of any municipality may direct that the question or questions authorized for a referendum under this section be placed on the ballot at any regular or special state or municipal election or may call a meeting in accordance with the provisions of section 7-7 of the general statutes to submit such question or questions to voters.
 - (h) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any municipal charter, special act or home rule ordinance, the legislative body of any municipality may levy additional taxes in excess of the maximum limit under subsection (b) or (d) of this section solely for the payment, in whole or in part, of water or sewer debt charges, provided the aggregate amount of water and sewer charges are reduced by the aggregate amount of any such additional taxes levied. In the case of a municipality whose water and sewer service is provided by an independent

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commission, authority or district that separately bills water and sewer users, the municipality may enter into an agreement with such commission, authority or district to effectuate the purposes of this subsection. The tax collector or the treasurer of the municipality shall immediately pay over the taxes collected pursuant to this subsection, without appropriation by the municipality, to such commission, authority or district, less any amounts agreed upon by the parties for administrative costs incurred in carrying out the agreement. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to affect the eligibility of such commission, authority or district to receive loans and grants for water pollution control projects or eligible drinking water projects.

(i) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the legislative body of any municipality may adjust the limit allowed under subsection (b) or (d) of this section to counterbalance the effects of extraordinary, nonrecurring events that occurred during the base year that were not within the purview of normal municipal financial practices and would otherwise cause a limit to be set that would be inconsistent with the limits intended under this section, provided notice of any such adjustment is provided to voters, in writing, and explained in detail.

Sec. 2. (NEW) (Effective from passage) Notwithstanding the provisions of any municipal charter, special act or home rule ordinance, any municipality may impose, by ordinance, a local tax on income, goods, services or other tangible or intangible assets, or any combination thereof, as determined by the legislative body of the municipality to be desirable or necessary to meet the public services and other needs of the municipality. No such tax shall be effective until notice has been provided to the residents of the municipality and the general public about the imposition of such tax, through the posting of information on the municipality's Internet web page and other appropriate means, as determined by the legislative body of the municipality. Such ordinance shall include, but not be limited to, the specific items or amounts on which such tax will be imposed, the rate and effective date of such tax, the rate of interest and penalty imposed on the amount of such tax and

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- the provisions for a taxpayer's right of appeal.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2021) (a) (1) Each municipality that
- enters into an interlocal agreement, on or after July 1, 2021, with one or
- 210 more municipalities pursuant to section 7-148cc of the general statutes,
- 211 for the provision of a service that each such municipality currently
- 212 provides separately shall be eligible for a grant in the following amounts
- 213 for each year such municipality remains a party to such agreement and
- 214 the applicable service is provided on a regional basis:
- 215 (A) For the provision of education, ten per cent of the amount
- 216 budgeted for education in the municipality's most recently approved
- 217 budget;

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- 218 (B) For the provision of police services, fire-fighting services or
- 219 emergency medical services, five per cent of the amount budgeted in the
- 220 municipality's most recently approved budget and attributable to the
- 221 specific service being provided on a regional basis; and
- (C) For the provision of any other service, two and one-half per cent
- of the amount budgeted in the municipality's most recently approved
- 224 budget and attributable to the specific service being provided on a
- 225 regional basis.
- 226 (2) Any municipality eligible to receive a grant under subdivision (1)
- 227 of this subsection may receive more than one grant under said
- 228 subdivision. Any grant received under this section shall be in addition
- 229 to any other grants or funds such municipality is eligible to receive.
- 230 (b) Each municipality eligible to receive a grant under subsection (a)
- of this section shall submit an application annually to the Secretary of
- 232 the Office of Policy and Management, in such form and manner as the
- 233 secretary prescribes. The application shall include, but not be limited to,
- a description of the specific service being provided on a regional basis,
- 235 the other municipality or municipalities that are a party to the
- 236 agreement entered into under subsection (a) of this section and
- 237 documentation of the amount budgeted in the municipality's most

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recently approved budget and attributable to the specific service being provided on a regional basis. The secretary shall review each application to verify the provision of the service claimed in such application and calculate the amount of the grant or grants due to a municipality under this section. Payment of such grants shall be made from the municipal revenue sharing account established under section 4-66l of the general statutes, as amended by this act.

- (c) Any municipality that terminates or withdraws from an agreement entered into under subsection (a) of this section or otherwise ceases to provide a service on a regional basis shall be ineligible to receive a grant under this section commencing with the fiscal year in which such termination or withdrawal occurred.
- (d) Any provision of a municipal charter, special act or home rule ordinance that prohibits or limits a municipality from sharing services with other municipalities are hereby repealed, revoked and rescinded.
- (e) Any collective bargaining unit may enter into an agreement with one or more collective bargaining units to establish a coalition bargaining unit to negotiate with municipalities for the provision of public services on a regional basis, including, but not limited to, education, police services, fire-fighting services and emergency medical services.
- Sec. 4. Subsection (b) of section 4-66*l* of the general statutes, as amended by section 6 of public act 21-3, is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2021*):
- (b) There is established an account to be known as the "municipal revenue sharing account" which shall be a separate, nonlapsing account within the General Fund. The account shall contain any moneys required by law to be deposited in the account. The secretary shall set aside and ensure availability of moneys in the account in the following order of priority and shall transfer or disburse such moneys as follows:
- (1) Ten million dollars for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, shall

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- be transferred not later than April fifteenth for the purposes of grants under section 10-262h;
- (2) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, and each fiscal year thereafter, moneys sufficient to make motor vehicle property tax grants payable to municipalities pursuant to subsection (c) of this section shall be expended not later than August first annually by the secretary;
- 275 (3) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, and each fiscal year thereafter, moneys sufficient to make the grants payable pursuant to subsection (d) of section 12-18b, as amended by [this act] <u>public act 21-278</u> 3, shall be expended by the secretary;
 - (4) For the fiscal years ending June 30, 2018, and June 30, 2019, moneys sufficient to make the municipal revenue sharing grants payable to municipalities pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (d) of this section shall be expended not later than October thirty-first annually by the secretary;

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- (5) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, and each fiscal year thereafter, seven million dollars shall be expended for the purposes of the regional services grants pursuant to subsection (e) of this section to the regional councils of governments;
 - (6) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, and each fiscal year thereafter, moneys may be expended for the purpose of supplemental motor vehicle property tax grants pursuant to subsection (c) of this section; [and]
- 292 (7) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, and each fiscal year 293 thereafter, moneys sufficient to make the grants payable to 294 municipalities pursuant to subsection (c) of section 3 of this act; and
 - [(7)] (8) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, and each fiscal year thereafter, moneys in the account remaining shall be expended annually by the secretary for the purposes of the municipal revenue sharing grants established pursuant to subsection (f) of this section. Any such

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moneys deposited in the account for municipal revenue sharing grants between October first and June thirtieth shall be distributed to municipalities on the following October first and any such moneys deposited in the account between July first and September thirtieth shall be distributed to municipalities on the following January thirty-first. Any municipality may apply to the Office of Policy and Management on or after July first for early disbursement of a portion of such grant. The Office of Policy and Management may approve such an application if it finds that early disbursement is required in order for a municipality to meet its cash flow needs. No early disbursement approved by said office may be issued later than September thirtieth.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	July 1, 2022	New section
Sec. 2	from passage	New section
Sec. 3	July 1, 2021	New section
Sec. 4	July 1, 2021	4-66l(b)

Statement of Purpose:

To limit property tax increases, authorize municipalities to impose local taxes and incentivize municipal regionalization of services.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]

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